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1-(5-Bromo-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)-4-phenylthiosemicarbazide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.005 \text{ Å}$; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the title compound, $C_{15}H_{11}BrN_4OS$, the least-squares plane through the 5-bromoisatin fragment forms a dihedral angle of 13.63 (14)° with the phenyl ring. The molecular conformation features intramolecular $N-H\cdots N$ and $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. In the crystal, molecules are connected *via* pairs of $N-H\cdots O$ interactions into centrosymmetric dimers. Additionally, $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions link molecules into chains parallel to the *a* axis with short $C\cdots C$ distances being observed between the phenyl and thiocarbonyl [3.236 (8) Å] groups and between the thiocarbonyl and carbonyl [3.351 (4) Å] groups of stacked molecules.

Related literature

For the pharmacological properties of isatin-thiosemicarbazone derivatives against cruzain, falcipain-2 and rhodesain, see: Chiyanzu *et al.* (2003). For the synthesis of 5-bromoisatin-3-thiosemicarbazone, see: Campaigne & Archer (1952). For the crystal structure of 1-(5-bromo-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)thiosemicarbazide acetonitrile monosolvate, see: Pederzolli *et al.* (2011).

Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\rm C_{15}H_{11}BrN_4OS} & V = 1514.47 \; (15) \; \mathring{\rm A}^3 \\ M_r = 375.25 & Z = 4 \\ {\rm Monoclinic}, P2_1/c & {\rm Mo} \; K\alpha \; {\rm radiation} \\ a = 5.6882 \; (3) \; \mathring{\rm A} & \mu = 2.86 \; {\rm mm}^{-1} \\ b = 18.4086 \; (9) \; \mathring{\rm A} & T = 200 \; {\rm K} \\ c = 14.4668 \; (10) \; \mathring{\rm A} & 0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.08 \; {\rm mm} \\ \beta = 91.272 \; (8)^\circ \end{array}$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS-1 diffractometer Absorption correction: numerical (X-SHAPE and X-RED32; Stoe & Cie, 2008) $T_{\min} = 0.633, T_{\max} = 0.677$ 13502 measured reflections 2903 independent reflections 2235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.064$

Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046 & 199 \ {\rm parameters} \\ WR(F^2) = 0.105 & {\rm H-atom\ parameters\ constrained} \\ S = 1.04 & \Delta\rho_{\rm max} = 0.67\ {\rm e\ \mathring{A}}^{-3} \\ 2903\ {\rm reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\rm min} = -1.11\ {\rm e\ \mathring{A}}^{-3} \end{array}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\mathbf{H}\cdot\cdot\cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathbf{H}\cdot\cdot\cdot A$
$ \begin{array}{c} N1-H1\cdots O1^{i} \\ N3-H3\cdots O1 \\ N4-H4A\cdots N2 \end{array} $	0.88	2.00	2.858 (3)	166
	0.88	2.07	2.762 (3)	135
	0.88	2.16	2.613 (4)	112

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y + 1, -z + 3.

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: *X-AREA*; data reduction: *X-RED32* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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organic compounds

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FY2102).

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1-(5-Bromo-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)-4-phenylthiosemicarbazide

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Comment

Thiosemicarbazone derivatives have a wide range of biological properties. For example, isatin-based synthetic thiosemicarbazones show pharmacological activity against cruzain, falcipain-2 and rhodesain (Chiyanzu *et al.*, 2003). As part of our study of thiosemicarbazone derivatives, we report herein the crystal structure of 5-bromoisatin-3-(4-phenyl)thiosemicarbazone. In the title compound, in which the molecular structure matches the asymmetric unit, the maximal deviation from the least squares plane through all non-hydrogen atoms amounts to 0.2917 (33) Å for C14. The molecule shows an *E* conformation for the atoms about the N2—N3 bond (Fig. 1). The *E* conformation for the thiosemicarbazone fragment is also observed in the crystal structure of the 5-bromoisatin-3-thiosemicarbazone acetonitrile monosolvate (Pederzolli *et al.*, 2011) and is related with the intramolecular N—H···N and N—H···O hydrogen-bonding interactions (Fig. 1; Table 1). The mean deviations from the least squares planes for the 5-bromoisatin, C1—C8/Br1/O1 and the terminal aromatic ring, C10—C15, fragments amounts to 0.0459 (19) Å for O1 and 0.0032 (22) Å for C10, respectively, and the dihedral angle between the two planes is 13.63 (14)°. The molecules are connected *via* centrosymmetric pairs of N—H···O interactions (Fig. 2; Table 1). Additionally, π – π -interactions are observed, with C···C distances of 3.236 (8), 3.351 (4), 3.451 (5) and 3.471 (7) Å. The molecules are arranged in layers and are stacked into the direction of the crystallographic *a*-axis (Fig. 3).

Experimental

The starting materials were commercially available and were used without further purification. The 5-bromoisatine-3-(4-phenyl)thiosemicarbazone synthesis was adapted from a procedure reported previously (Campaigne & Archer, 1952). The hydrochloric acid catalyzed reaction of 5-bromoisatin (8.83 mmol) and (4-phenyl)thiosemicarbazide (8.83 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of ethanol and water (50 ml) was refluxed for 6 h. After cooling and filtering, the title compound was obtained. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction of the title compound were obtained by the slow evaporation of the solvents.

Refinement

All C—H and N—H H atoms were located in difference map, but were positioned with idealized geometry and were refined isotropically with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2~U_{eq}(C, N)$ using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic and N—H = 0.88 Å for N-bound H atoms.

Computing details

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); data reduction: *X-RED32* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

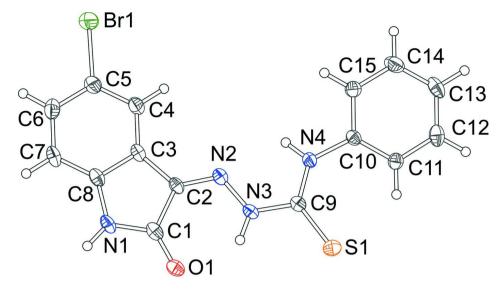


Figure 1The molecular structure of the title compound with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level.

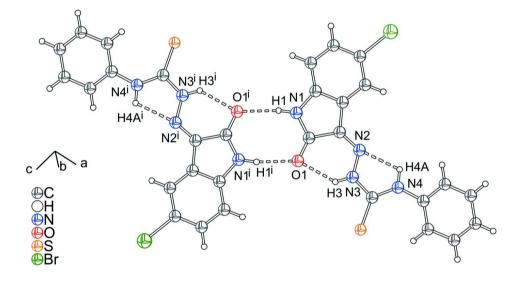


Figure 2

Molecules of the title compound connected through inversion centers via pairs of N—H···O interactions. Intramolecular N—H···N and N—H···O hydrogen bonds are also shown. H-interactions are indicated as dashed lines and the Figure is simplified for clarity. Symmetry code: (i)-x,-y + 1,-z + 3.

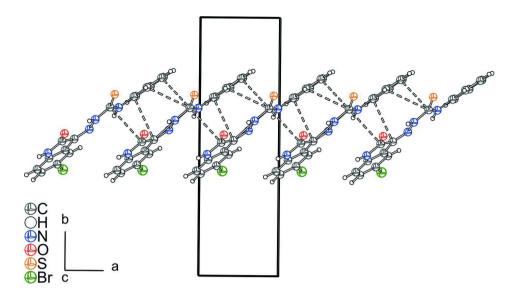


Figure 3

Crystal structure of the title compound in a view along the crystallographic c-axis. The π - π -interactions are drawn as dashed lines, highlighting C···C distances ranging from 3.236 (8) to 3.471 (7) Å. The molecular arrangment in layers, stacked into the direction of the crystallographic a-axis, is simplified for clarity.

1-(5-Bromo-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)-4-phenylthiosemicarbazide

0 1	1 .
Crystal	aata

Crystal aata	
$C_{15}H_{11}BrN_4OS$	F(000) = 752
$M_r = 375.25$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.646 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 13698 reflections
a = 5.6882 (3) Å	$\theta = 2.6 - 26.0^{\circ}$
b = 18.4086 (9) Å	$\mu = 2.86 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 14.4668 (10) Å	T = 200 K
$\beta = 91.272 \ (8)^{\circ}$	Block, yellow
$V = 1514.47 (15) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
Z=4	
Data collection	
Stoe IPDS-1	13502 measured reflections

Graphite monochromator

diffractometer

 φ scans

IPDS-1

Absorption correction: numerical

(*X-SHAPE* and *X-RED32*; Stoe & Cie, 2008)

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube, Stoe

 $T_{\min} = 0.633, T_{\max} = 0.677$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$ $wR(F^2) = 0.105$ S = 1.04 2903 independent reflections 2235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.064$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^{\circ}$ $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$ $k = -22 \rightarrow 22$ $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

2903 reflections
199 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0517P)^{2} + 1.4796P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.11 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	x	y	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
N1	0.0836 (5)	0.47322 (14)	1.38606 (19)	0.0312 (6)
H1	-0.0271	0.4583	1.4231	0.037*
C1	0.2595 (5)	0.51911 (16)	1.4116 (2)	0.0283 (7)
O1	0.2888 (4)	0.54902 (12)	1.48762 (15)	0.0316 (5)
C2	0.4124 (5)	0.52739 (15)	1.3285 (2)	0.0247 (6)
C3	0.3024 (5)	0.48403 (15)	1.2553 (2)	0.0261 (6)
C4	0.3560 (6)	0.47236 (17)	1.1638 (2)	0.0324 (7)
H4	0.4915	0.4934	1.1374	0.039*
C5	0.2042 (7)	0.42873 (18)	1.1120(2)	0.0374 (8)
Br1	0.28023 (10)	0.40737 (3)	0.98769 (3)	0.0688 (2)
C6	0.0060 (6)	0.39716 (18)	1.1491 (3)	0.0381 (8)
Н6	-0.0934	0.3675	1.1113	0.046*
C7	-0.0482(6)	0.40850 (17)	1.2412 (3)	0.0351 (8)
H7	-0.1826	0.3868	1.2675	0.042*
C8	0.1004 (5)	0.45251 (16)	1.2930(2)	0.0283 (7)
N2	0.6012 (4)	0.56591 (13)	1.32193 (18)	0.0256 (5)
N3	0.6730 (5)	0.60375 (13)	1.39722 (17)	0.0260 (5)
Н3	0.6004	0.5976	1.4497	0.031*
C9	0.8582 (5)	0.65192 (15)	1.3933 (2)	0.0245 (6)
S1	0.91317 (16)	0.70212 (5)	1.48665 (6)	0.0369 (2)
N4	0.9676 (4)	0.65094 (13)	1.31167 (17)	0.0260 (5)
H4A	0.9123	0.6186	1.2721	0.031*
C10	1.1570 (5)	0.69326 (15)	1.2785 (2)	0.0241 (6)
C11	1.3184 (5)	0.72936 (16)	1.3353 (2)	0.0270 (6)
H11	1.3035	0.7283	1.4005	0.032*
C12	1.5030 (6)	0.76727 (17)	1.2954 (3)	0.0348 (7)
H12	1.6135	0.7922	1.3340	0.042*
C13	1.5277 (6)	0.76906 (19)	1.2009 (3)	0.0373 (8)
H13	1.6537	0.7952	1.1745	0.045*
C14	1.3681 (6)	0.7327 (2)	1.1451 (2)	0.0410 (8)
H14	1.3847	0.7335	1.0799	0.049*
C15	1.1830 (6)	0.6949 (2)	1.1832 (2)	0.0355 (8)

H15	1.0736	0.0	6700	1.1440	0.043*		
Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)							
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}	
N 1	0.0231 (15)	0.0324 (14)	0.0385 (15)	-0.0034 (10)	0.0124 (11)	0.0030 (11)	
C1	0.0216 (17)	0.0269 (15)	0.0367 (18)	0.0058 (11)	0.0065 (13)	0.0074 (12)	
)1	0.0272 (13)	0.0369 (12)	0.0312 (12)	0.0018 (9)	0.0096 (9)	0.0014 (9)	
C2	0.0189 (16)	0.0248 (14)	0.0307 (16)	0.0013 (11)	0.0065 (12)	0.0032 (11)	
23	0.0218 (17)	0.0222 (14)	0.0344 (17)	-0.0003(11)	0.0059 (12)	0.0043 (12)	
C4	0.0320 (19)	0.0305 (16)	0.0350 (18)	-0.0055 (13)	0.0058 (14)	0.0036 (13)	
C5	0.047(2)	0.0325 (17)	0.0329 (18)	-0.0087(15)	0.0038 (15)	0.0041 (13)	
3r1	0.1019 (4)	0.0700(3)	0.0350(2)	-0.0476(3)	0.0120(2)	-0.00818 (19)	
C6	0.036(2)	0.0311 (17)	0.046(2)	-0.0080 (14)	-0.0056(15)	0.0015 (14)	
27	0.0242 (18)	0.0318 (16)	0.050(2)	-0.0061 (13)	0.0075 (14)	0.0040 (14)	
C8	0.0219 (17)	0.0252 (14)	0.0380 (18)	0.0012 (11)	0.0067 (13)	0.0059 (12)	
J2	0.0233 (14)	0.0235 (12)	0.0300 (14)	0.0007 (10)	0.0042 (10)	0.0025 (10)	
13	0.0251 (14)	0.0289 (13)	0.0245 (13)	-0.0019 (10)	0.0072 (10)	0.0029 (10)	
29	0.0223 (16)	0.0254 (14)	0.0259 (15)	0.0028 (11)	0.0025 (12)	0.0038 (11)	
51	0.0411 (5)	0.0419 (5)	0.0279 (4)	-0.0053 (4)	0.0071 (3)	-0.0087 (3)	
J 4	0.0242 (14)	0.0281 (12)	0.0260 (13)	-0.0050 (10)	0.0048 (10)	-0.0026 (10)	
C10	0.0208 (16)	0.0257 (14)	0.0258 (15)	0.0011 (11)	0.0024 (11)	0.0032 (11)	
C11	0.0240 (17)	0.0273 (15)	0.0297 (16)	0.0001 (12)	-0.0003 (12)	-0.0007 (12)	
C12	0.0236 (18)	0.0298 (16)	0.051 (2)	-0.0014 (12)	-0.0024 (14)	0.0018 (14)	
C13	0.0224 (18)	0.0391 (18)	0.051(2)	-0.0013 (13)	0.0071 (15)	0.0145 (15)	
C14	0.031(2)	0.062(2)	0.0303 (18)	-0.0024 (16)	0.0070 (14)	0.0084 (16)	
C15	0.0253 (18)	0.053 (2)	0.0278 (17)	-0.0086 (15)	0.0007 (13)	-0.0007 (14)	
N1—C		1.355	(4)	N3—C9	1	.379 (4)	
√1—C		1.405	* *	N3—H3 0.8800			
V1—H			C9—N4	1.347 (4)			
C1—O		1.238		C9—S1	1.660 (3)		
C1—C		1.507				.421 (4)	
	2—N2 1.292 (4)		N4—H4A				
C2—C		1.456		C10—C11	* *		
	3—C4 1.382 (5)		C10—C15	1.391 (4)			
	23—C8 1.408 (4)		C11—C12	1.397 (5)			
24—C5 1.387 (5)		C11—H11	0.9500				
C4—H4 0.9500		C12—C13	1.378 (5)				
	5—C6 1.387 (5)		C12—H12	0.9500			
	5—Br1 1.899 (4)		C13—C14	1.375 (5)			
	6—C7 1.390 (5)		C13—H13	0.9500			
	6—H6 0.9500		C14—C15	1.386 (5)			
C7—C		1.380		C14—H14			
C7—H		0.9500		C15—H15	C	0.9500	
N2—N	3	1.349	(4)				
21—N	1—C8	111.4	(3)	N2—N3—C9	1	21.1 (2)	

C1 N1 H1	124.2	N2 N2 H2	110.4
C1—N1—H1	124.3	N2—N3—H3	119.4
C8—N1—H1	124.3	C9—N3—H3	119.4
01—C1—N1	127.1 (3)	N4—C9—N3	113.3 (3)
01—C1—C2	126.5 (3)	N4—C9—S1	129.7 (2)
N1—C1—C2	106.3 (3)	N3—C9—S1	117.0 (2)
N2—C2—C3	126.3 (3)	C9—N4—C10	131.0 (3)
N2—C2—C1	127.5 (3)	C9—N4—H4A	114.5
C3—C2—C1	106.2 (3)	C10—N4—H4A	114.5
C4—C3—C8	120.4 (3)	C11—C10—C15	119.5 (3)
C4—C3—C2	133.0 (3)	C11—C10—N4	124.0 (3)
C8—C3—C2	106.6 (3)	C15—C10—N4	116.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5	117.4 (3)	C10—C11—C12	119.2 (3)
C3—C4—H4	121.3	C10—C11—H11	120.4
C5—C4—H4	121.3	C12—C11—H11	120.4
C6—C5—C4	122.3 (3)	C13—C12—C11	121.1 (3)
C6—C5—Br1	118.9 (3)	C13—C12—H12	119.5
C4—C5—Br1	118.6 (3)	C11—C12—H12	119.5
C5—C6—C7	120.5 (3)	C14—C13—C12	119.3 (3)
C5—C6—H6	119.7	C14—C13—H13	120.3
C7—C6—H6	119.7	C12—C13—H13	120.3
C8—C7—C6	117.5 (3)	C13—C14—C15	120.6 (3)
C8—C7—H7	121.2	C13—C14—H14	119.7
C6—C7—H7	121.2	C15—C14—H14	119.7
C7—C8—N1	128.8 (3)	C14—C15—C10	120.2 (3)
C7—C8—C3	121.8 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.9
N1—C8—C3	109.4 (3)	C10—C15—H15	119.9
C2—N2—N3	117.5 (3)		
C8—N1—C1—O1	177.1 (3)	C4—C3—C8—C7	1.0 (5)
C8—N1—C1—C2	-2.2 (3)	C4—C3—C8—C7 C2—C3—C8—C7	179.0 (3)
O1—C1—C2—N2	1.1 (5)	C4—C3—C8—N1	
N1—C1—C2—N2	-179.6 (3)	C4—C3—C8—N1 C2—C3—C8—N1	-179.2 (3) -1.2 (3)
01—C1—C2—C3	-177.9 (3)	C3—C3—N3—N3	178.6 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	* *	C1—C2—N2—N3	* *
N2—C2—C3—C4	1.5 (3)	C1—C2—N2—N3 C2—N2—N3—C9	-0.2(4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.5 (5)	N2—N3—C9—N4	-173.3 (3) -6.0 (4)
	177.5 (3)		-6.0 (4)
N2—C2—C3—C8 C1—C2—C3—C8	-179.2 (3) -0.2 (3)	N2—N3—C9—S1 N3—C9—N4—C10	173.5 (2)
	-0.2 (3)		177.3 (3)
C8—C3—C4—C5 C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (5) -177.6 (2)	S1—C9—N4—C10	-2.2 (5)
	-177.6 (3)	C9—N4—C10—C11	21.9 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (5)	C9—N4—C10—C15	-161.0 (3)
C3—C4—C5—Br1	-176.8 (2)	C15—C10—C11—C12	0.6 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.1 (6)	N4—C10—C11—C12	177.7 (3)
Br1—C5—C6—C7	176.6 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.3 (5)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.6 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.2 (5)
C6—C7—C8—N1	179.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.4 (5)
C6—C7—C8—C3	-1.2 (5)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.1 (6)
C1—N1—C8—C7	-178.0 (3)	C11—C10—C15—C14	-0.4 (5)
<u>C1—N1—C8—C3</u>	2.2 (3)	N4—C10—C15—C14	-177.7 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	$H\cdots A$	D··· A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.88	2.00	2.858 (3)	166
N3—H3···O1	0.88	2.07	2.762 (3)	135
N4—H4 <i>A</i> ···N2	0.88	2.16	2.613 (4)	112

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+1, -z+3.